Hoolachan House 2814 Rogers Avenue HO-614

This two-story frame gabled-roof farm house is located on 4 acres west of Rogers Avenue and south of I-70. The house is reached by a 1/8 mile gravel drive paralleling fields on the north. The house was built in at least three sections. The original block has weatherboard siding and is an I-house form, three bays wide and one bay deep, probably dating from the mid-19th century.

This house is significant as an example of regional rural vernacular architecture and as an important member of a group of 19th century houses in Jonestown, a small community between Ellicott City and Daniels.

This house was originally part of a 3-acre parcel granted to Darius Grimes by Thomas and Ann Davis who owned property to the south. The deed mentions buildings on the land, so it is possible that the house was built prior to 1845.

Hoolachan House 2814 Rogers Avenue HO-614

HISTORIC PERIOD CONTEXT:

Region:

Piedmont

Period:

Agriculture Industrial Transition

Theme:

Architecture, Landscape Architecture and Community

Planning

Resource Type: Residence/rural vernacular

Site Types: Standing structures

Survey No. HO-614

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory MARYLAND INVENTORY HISTORIC PROPERTIES

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF

Magi No.

DOE __yes __no

I. Name	(indicate pre	ferred name)		
ni s toric				
ind/or common	Hoolachan Hous	e		
2. Loca				
street & number	2814 Rogers Av	renue (MD 99)		not for publication
	icott City	vicinity of	congressional district	Sixth
	yland	county	Howard	
	sification			
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Status occupied unoccupied work in progress Accessible yes: restricted yes: unrestricted no	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Own	er of Prope	rty (give names	and mailing addresse	es of <u>all</u> owners)
name John	& Janet Hoolac	han		
street & number	2814 Rogers A			no.:(410) 461-4504
city, town	Ellicott City	stat	e and zip code Mar	yland 21043
5. Loca	ition of Leg	al Descript	ion	
courthouse, regis	stry of deeds, etc. Ho	ward County		liber 2346
street & number	8360 Court Av	enue		folio 402
city, town	Ellicott City	7	state	Maryland
	resentation	in Existing	Historical Sur	veys
titie				
date			federal st	ate county loc
pository for su	urvey records			
city, town			state	

7. Description

Survey No. HO-614

Condition Xexcellent deteriorate good ruins fair unexposed	X_ altered	Check one original s moved	site date of move	

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

This 2-story frame gabled-roof farm house is located on 4 acres west of Rogers Avenue and south of I-70. The house is reached by a 1/8 mile gravel drive paralleling fields on the north. The house was built in at least three sections. The original block has weatherboard siding, and is an Ihouse form, three bays wide and one bay deep, probably dating from the mid-19th century. The house has an eaves front orientation with cornerboards and a prominent center gable which is steeply pitched and holds a round-The roof's wide cornice is decorated with simple arched window. rectangular brackets. A full width porch runs along the facade supported by five square chamfered posts. A four by one bay ell with clapboard siding extends from the rear of the main section. The house rests on a random fieldstone foundation. The original chimneys were removed and a large exterior brick chimney was added to the north wall. The windows are double hung 6/6 sash except for the gable window which is 2/2 sash.

During the 1980s the house was enlarged with two additions, a two-story wing on the north side and a two-part wing on the south side. The south wing runs the length of the main block and the ell and consists of a shedroofed four bay by one bay, one-story section, and a gabled one bay by one bay two-story section. The siding is weatherboard and matches the The windows are double hung 6/6 sash except for the bank of original. windows on the first floor which are 6/9 sash. There is a multi-paned glass door with a transom in the center of the addition. The gable-roofed weatherboard-clad north wing connects with the northwest corner of the main The west side of the wing has a door leading to a deck. first story of the east section of the wing is three bays long with a door flanked by a double hung window and a multi-paned picture window. second floor is slightly shorter and only one bay long. With the exception of the picture window all the windows are double hung 6/6 sash. additions have concrete foundations. The roofs are covered with asphalt shingles. There is a contributing gable-roofed frame chicken house located northeast of the house.

Although the house has been enlarged with the recent addition, the historic character of the original structure has not been affected. The additions were done sensitively in the same scale and using similar materials.

<u>8. S</u>	ignificance		Survey No. HO.	-014
Period	-1499 archeology-historic cc -1599 agriculture ec -1699 architecture ec -1799 art er -1899 commerce ex communications in	and justify below emmunity planning enservation conomics lucation agineering coloration/settlement dustry vention	law literature mllitary music	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific	dates Builde	er/Architect		
check:	Applicable Criteria: _A _B and/or Applicable Exception: _A _B		EFG	
	Level of Significance:natio	nal _state	<u>X</u> local	
Prepare	both a summary paragraph of sig	nificance and	a general statement	of history and

support.

This house is significant as an example of regional rural vernacular architecture and as an important member of a group of 19th century houses in Jonestown, a small community between Ellicott City and Daniels.

Statement continued. See attached.

Major Bibliographical References

Survey No. HO-614

Howard County Land Records Interviews with Janet Hoolachan and Nancy Dougherty (former owner of the property).

10. Ge	ographic	al Dat	<u>a</u> _				
	me Ellicott City		eferences		Quadr	angle s	cale <u>1:24000</u>
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name/title Amy							
H	loward County Planning and	Departm		dat	te		
H	loward County	Departm Zoning	ent of	dat		410)	313-2037

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

Shaw House

21 State Circle

(301) 269-2438

UNCP/DINCE 100 COMMUNITY PLAC. Annapolis, Maryland 21401 CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2020

514-7600

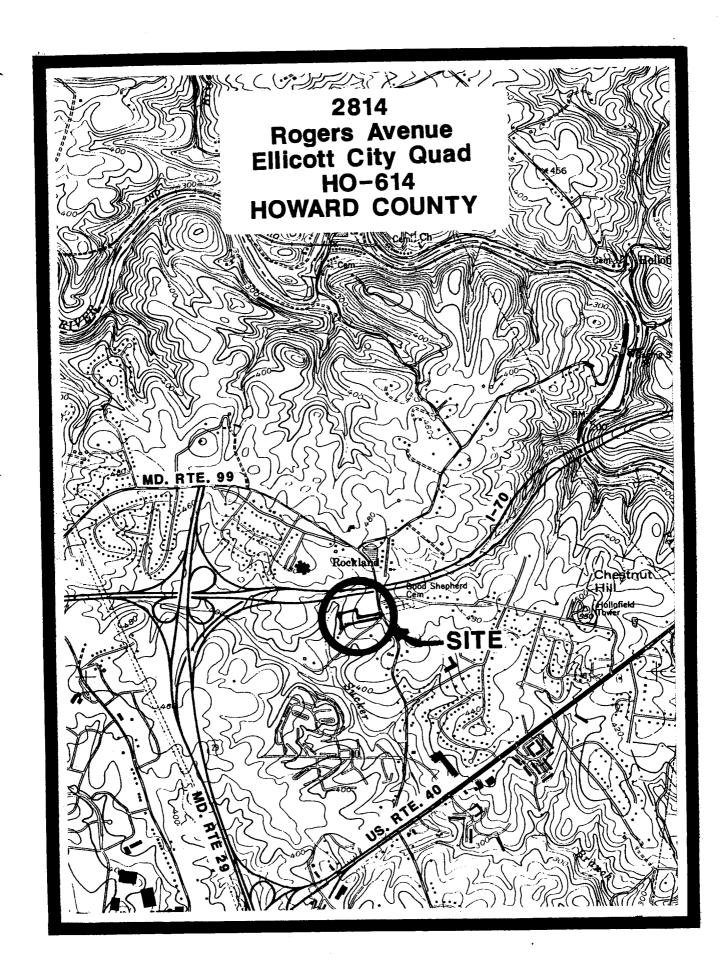
2814 Rogers Avenue HO-614 Significance Statement Continued

The house was originally part of a 3-acre lot granted to Darius Grimes by Thomas and Ann Davis who owned property to the south. The deed mentions buildings on the land, so it is possible that the house was built before 1845.

In the tradition of most rural landholders, Darius Grimes subdivided his property, carving out a lot for his son Charles in 1877. (This house now stands at 2796 Rogers Avenue.) Little is known about the Grimes family, but judging by the small size of the property, family members probably worked for one of the larger farms nearby. The property remained in the Grimes family until 1904 when Rovenia Grimes sold it to Louis Stirn, whose family owned property on the north end of Rogers Avenue across what is now Interstate 70. Stirn later sold the property to Ethel Radcliffe Hinton, whose family owned land near Rogers Avenue and present Town and Country Boulevard.

Jonestown was named for its largest landholder, Rezin Jones, around 1860. An important crossroads town, Jonestown was located near where the road to Frederick met the road that linked the Ellicott's upper and lower mills. It thrived as an independent community with a school house, two churches, a blacksmith shop and grocery shop until about 1920 when the name of the area changed to Rockland. Post - World War II suburban expansion began to erode the distinct identity of Rockland, and Interstate 70 subsequently divided the community.

Although Jonestown no longer survives, many of the buildings associated with Jonestown still exist despite considerable post-Word War II intrusions.





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